A strategic Approach To Risk Based Regulation



Dara Lynott Deputy Director General Environmental Protection Agency European Risk Summit - June 12th, 2013 Dublin

What does the EPA do?

Regulation

Risk based and outcome focussed

- Licensing
- Enforcement
- Guidance

Knowledge Evidence base for decision making

- Monitoring and Assessment
- Research
- Reporting



Advocacy

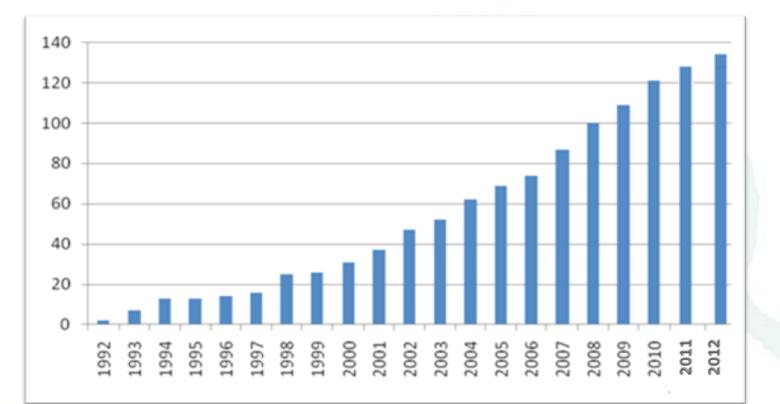
Mobilise society to become low-carbon and resource efficient

- Education
- Awareness Raising
- Behavioural Change





Statutory Functions assigned to the EPA since 1992



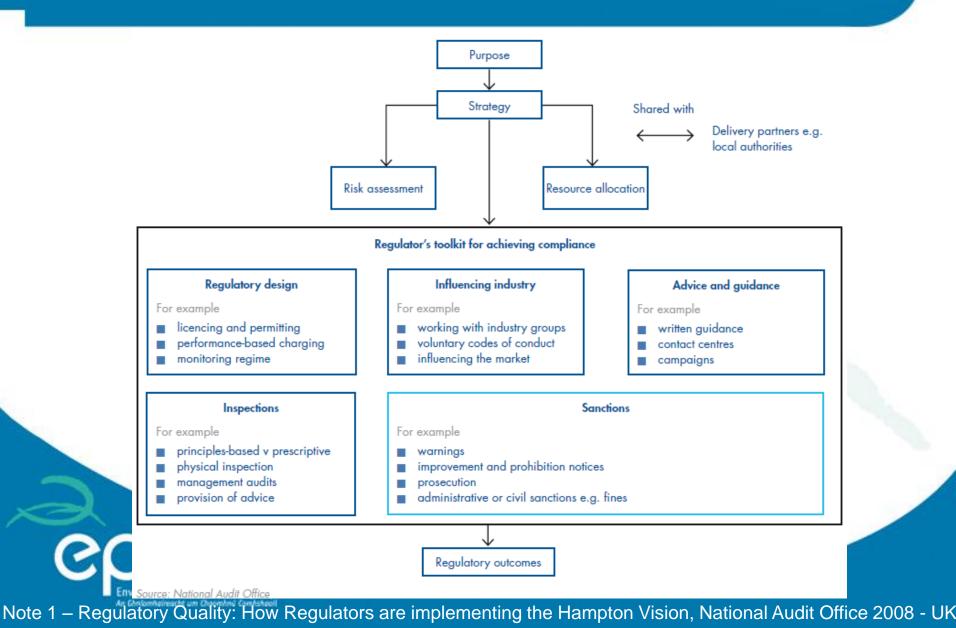


The Challenge for Regulators ¹

- To deliver the objectives and outcomes set down in statute.
- To develop a comprehensive risk assessment system which can deal with a wider range of risks both high level and facility specific so as to inform judgements about the application of resources to different areas of risk.
- To understand the effectiveness of their activities to strike the right balance between enforcement activity and other means of achieving compliance.



Risk based outcome focused enforcement¹



Industry

Wide range of sectors and industries –

- A need for effective environmental regulation
- Focus resources where the risks are highest

Risk based approach to licence enforcement required to:
provide consistent, transparent and tangible rationale for level of enforcement
Improve use of resources

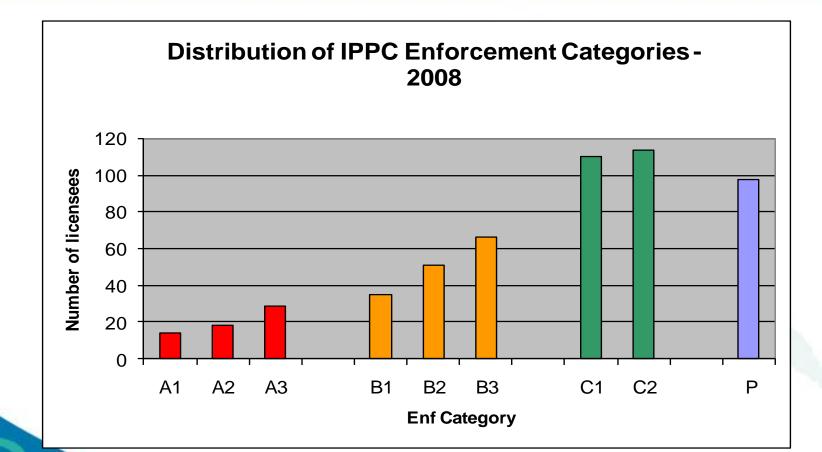


Risk Assessment Methodology

- Complexity
 - complexity grade assigned to each activity
 - some automatic high risk activities
- Emissions
 - The quantity of PRTR substances that are emitted to all media Location fixed attribute and risk is based on
- Location
 - Proximity to sensitive receptors, ecological sites;
- Operator Management
 - Environmental Management System
 - No. of Notificable incidents
- Enforcement Record
 - No. of enforcement notices issued or legal actions
 - Soil/groundwater contamination issues on site

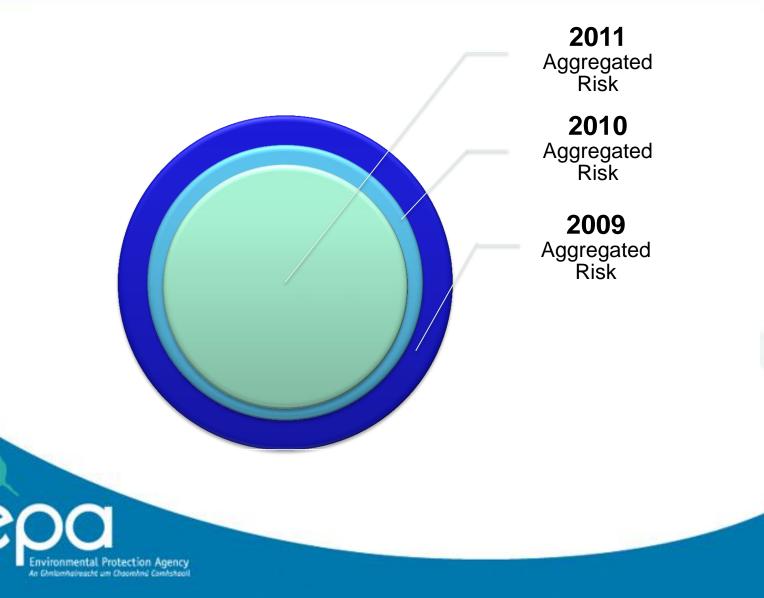


IPPC Risk Distribution



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Reduction in Risk profile of IPPC sites over time



URBAN WASTEWATER TREATMENT

- Allocates an enforcement category to waste water discharges on the basis of five attributes:
 - 1. Level of Treatment (Complexity)
 - 2. Observed Impacts by EPA
 - 3. Possible Impact (Location)
 - 4. Discharge Compliance (Emissions)
 - 5. Enforcement Record



DREAM: Screen shot of enforcement categories

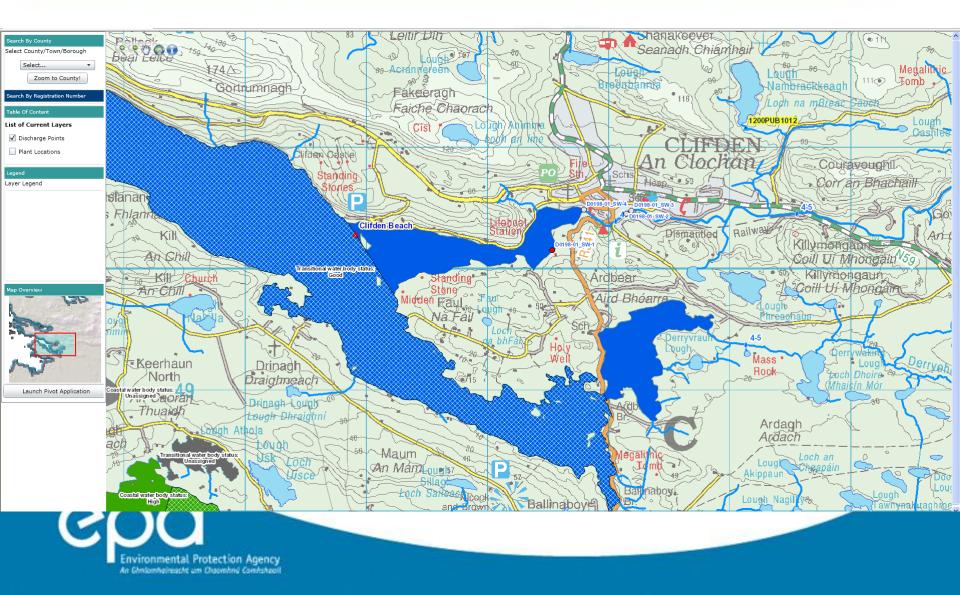
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DREAM: Screen shot of a single WWTP

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			Non-Compilant Observed Impact
or termined 229			Bathing Water Failure
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Noter 77		Cienties	Bathing Water Selected Default Criteria
sensitive Overall Riskscore: 150	Overall Riskscore: 240	Overall Riskscore: 120	Shellfish EPA UWWTP List
1 Rivers 31			Inadequate Treatment Receiving Water
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Vater Licence Status: Applied	Licence Status: Applied	Licence Status: Applied	Agglomeration Size 4,975
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			Water Services Authority Galway County Council
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DREAM: Screen shot of a single WWTP



Research on Regulating Lower risk sites

http://www.sniffer.org.uk/files/3613/4183/7993/ER13_Project_rep

ort_Oct11.pdf

Intensity of intervention increases

Nature	Na	ture of the lower	Options for regulatory activity and suggested			
of the regulatee	Inherent Iower-risk; stable	Net lower- risk; stable	Inherent Iower-risk; but may change or cumulate	Net lower- risk; but may change or cumulate	activity and suggested regulatory intensity	
Well motivated					Screening & rule-based	
with high					Inspection / monitoring	
capacity to comply					Engagement & incentives	
	Low	Low	Low	Low	Regulatory intensity	
Well motivated					Screening & rule-based	
with low					Inspection / monitoring	
capacity to comply					Engagement & incentives	
	Low	Low	Low	Low	Regulatory intensity	
Less motivated					Screening & rule-based	
with high					Inspection / monitoring	
capacity to comply					Engagement & incentives	
	Medium	Medium	Medium	High	Regulatory intensity	
Less					Screening & rule-based	
motivated with low					Inspection / monitoring	
capacity to comply					Engagement & incentives	
	Medium	Medium	High	High	Regulatory intensity	

ntensity of intervention increases

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Intervention Strategies for lower risk sites

Available regulatory strategies

There are a total of 22 strategies available for the regulation of lower-risk sites and activities. Those strategies, which your environment agency has given you the remit to use, are listed in the table on the reverse side.

Screening and rule-based strategies

- Exemptions without notification or registration
- Exemptions with notification or registration
- Registration plus conditions/rules; permit and licensing systems
- 4. Application of general binding rules without notification/registration

Inspection/monitoring and proxy strategies

- Frequency-adjusted inspections
- Regulatory audits
- Themed inspections or monitoring
- Random inspections or monitoring
- Advice and assistance visits
- Reactive investigations, responding to complaints, whistle-blowing or post-incident investigations
- 11. Surveillance
- Benchmarking or 'yardsticking' strategies
- Measuring indirect/proxy outcomes
- 14. Self monitoring and self certification by regulated firms
- 15. Management-based strategies
- 16. Third-party monitoring
- 17. Information and inspection sharing regimes

Engagement and incentives strategies

- 18. Information campaigns, codes, guides, and recommendations.
- Dialogue with interested parties
- Industry or NGO/ interested party-led solutions
- Multi-agency approaches
- Incentive strategies

Environmental Protection Agency

ON-Site Wastewater Treatment plants Environmental Protection Agency

Published February 2013



National Inspection Plan 2013

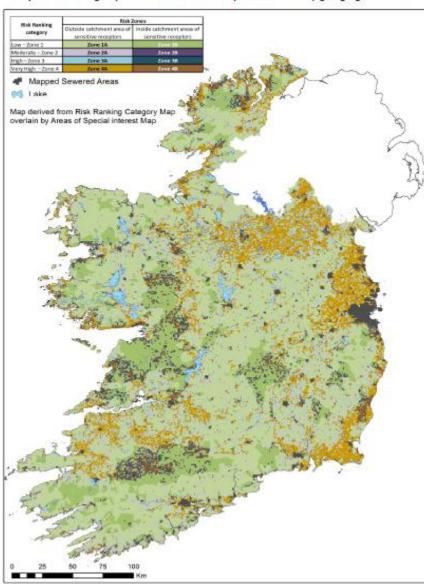
Domestic Waste Water Treatment Systems



Increased use of EPA databases and GIS

COQ

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Map 3: Risk ranking map combined with Areas of Special Interest Map giving eight risk zones

EU Commission response to the regulation of lower risk sites

 "The Commission welcomes the adoption of the National Inspection Plan by the EPA earlier this year. These measures relate to rulings by the European Court of Justice that Ireland was in breach of EU waste legislation in relation to septic tanks and imposing fines. The Commission notes that the recent measures will mean Ireland meets the requirements of the Court of Justice judgments and the fines will stop"

